



Giga-tronics AXIe system for a radar application.



SPECIAL REPORT

LEVERAGING MODULARITY FROM MEASUREMENT HARDWARE TO DFT SOFTWARE

By Rick Nelson, Contributing Technical Editor

The term "modular" in the context of electronics test and measurement suggests industry-standard architectures like AXIe, PXI, or VXI, which define physical and electrical specifications for modular instruments and chassis. LXI relaxes the physical constraints but lets you interconnect your choice of electrically compatible instruments and compute resources. Similarly, USB configurations allow you to take a modular approach to selecting interconnectable measurement units and computers. Many manufacturers are continuing to innovate on these platforms, yet others are pursuing proprietary modular approaches. The concept of modularity can extend from instrumentation all the way to design-for-test software, where a hierarchical approach creates retargetable test functionality.

Giga-tronics supports AXIe with its Advanced Signal Generation and Analysis Platform, according to John Regazzi, CEO, and Dan Kirby, vice president of business development. "Modular platforms are primarily advantageous in applications requiring multiple stimulus and measurement channels," they said. "For example, simulating the many radar and EW signals experienced in a modern battlespace usually requires many signal generators. Stacking separate benchtop units not only takes up valuable rack space, but coordinating their behavior to generate multiple emitters often requires additional hardware to phase-lock their signals together."

They noted that with the Giga-tronics AXIe platform, each signal generator is a blade that slides into a chassis that includes the infrastructure to share reference and control signals, thereby simplifying the job of simulating many emitters. "One nice thing about the AXIe platform is that the standard has a provision for a customizable section of the backplane, which allows a supplier to add specific capability for enhancing their offering's functionality," they added.



▲ AMETEK VTI Instruments EX1200 modular test family.

Chris Gibson, senior product manager, VTI Instruments, a product line in AMETEK's Programmable Power business unit, defined "modular test" as the capability to integrate source, measure, and switching instrumentation modules through a backplane into a single mainframe. "Modular systems offer more flexibility and interchangeability to select a wide range of instrumentation in a much more compact footprint than a system of conventional stand-alone instruments," he said. "Direct connection of modules to a common backplane enhances synchronization and communication speeds between modules compared with systems configured with independent instruments."

Gibson elaborated on the three different modular test instrument platforms that VTI offers. "The VXI platform provides large-sized modules for high-performance, high-density testing, typically in missioncritical, military/aerospace applications," he said, adding that VTI's VXI modules are individually shielded to maintain signal quality.

Gibson said the LXI platform provides a way to interface to external controllers and workstations through the LAN interface. Because the platform does not have dimensional requirements, the platform can be more cost-efficient while offering high-density and flexibility for switching modules, he explained. "VTI LXI mainframes have an analog backplane for direct, internal connection of multiplexed signals to a measurement instrument, such as a 6½-digit digital multimeter," he said. "The analog backplane maximizes signal integrity through the system and eliminates ex-



ternal wiring between switching modules and a DMM."

Gibson said that with the PXIe platform, modules can communicate with the backplane at up to 2 GB/s, explaining that PXIe is suited for medium- to high-density automated test and data-acquisition systems.

"Modular test generally defines a capability in which measurement, stimulus and switching functions specific to a test application requirement can be plugged into the backplane of a chassis or mainframe," said Bob Stasonis, technical product specialist at Pickering Interfaces. "Modular also implies that these plug-ins are easily accessible by the end user (easy to insert, easy to remove) to allow for simple and fast maintenance." Stasonis said modular test platforms have been around for more than 30 years. Some are proprietary, where only one supplier's modules can fit into the chassis. In contrast, open standards such as PXI allow vendor interoperability, meaning any vendor's PXI modules can plug into any vendor's PXI chassis.

Proprietary modular platforms give the supplier more flexibility to tailor mechanical and performance characteristics that are specific to their offering, whereas open platforms such as PXI offer a broader range of instrumentation, giving the end user more flexibility in creating a modular test system, Stasonis said.

Craig Hughes, senior manager, instruments, Astronics Test Systems (ATS), defined a modular test architecture as an adaptable design that can add or remove functions by hardware and/or software methods, allowing designers to configure a system to their needs. "When the architecture is based on COTS components and standardized interfaces such as LXI, PXI, USB, and VXI, the designer is afforded additional choices, increased availability, and lower obsolescence risks," he said. "Furthermore, ATS utilizes a synthetic instrumentation (SI) architecture wherever possible."

"Modular test typically refers to a class of switching and instrument solutions that require an external chassis to function; the chassis provides power, a high-speed backplane for communications and timing, and a controller," said Jon Semancik, director of marketing at Marvin Test Solutions (MTS). "Rack-andstack instruments, on the other hand, integrate the desired functionality in a standalone enclosure that typically only requires line power and a communications interface."

Semancik said MTS designs and manufactures PXI-based instrumentation and switching cards, in both 3U and 6U form factors, with products offered with PXI and PXIe interfaces. "PXI is the most widely adopted modular test architecture in the industry, scalable from smaller benchtop applications to large multibay test systems," he said. "The ability to mix and match 3U and 6U devices in a single combination chassis is also a major advantage.

"We define modular tests as a combination of a wide choice of different hardware components on common buses and a universal software API to access these," said Oliver Rovini, technical director at SPECTRUM Instrumentation. "SPECTRUM supports the PCIe, PXIe, and LXI platform."

Each has its own advantages, according to Rovini. "PCIe is common and can be found in nearly every PC system; therefore, it's easy scalable from small low-cost systems to high-end server systems with massive GPU processing," he said. "PXIe

Astronics Test Systems ATS-3100 PXI integration platform.







offers a mechanical, stable industry platform but has a higher system cost. LXI instruments are easiest to integrate as they are based on Ethernet connection and can be operated in any network, remotely or directly from a laptop."

Mark Pickard, product management director at VIAVI Solutions, said, "Modular test is a paradigm that offers hardware and software components that can be configured into customized solutions to meet specific customer test needs. These modular solutions can be modified and scaled to evolve along with the customer's test requirements."

VIAVI Solutions offers the Configurable Modular Platform (CMP), which includes modular products based on AXIe. "Similar to other modular standards, such as PXI, AXIe consolidates common infrastructure components into a card-slot chassis," said Pickard. "The chassis provides common infrastructure needed for each module, including power, cooling, data transport, and triggering....AXIe is well suited for high-performance applications, providing more physical real estate, higher power handling, and higher data bandwidth compared to other modular standards, such as PXI. These enhancements make AXIe the perfect platform for applications such as high-performance RF and high-bandwidth signal generation and acquisition."

Subbaiah Pemmaiah, application engineer, Copper Mountain Technologies (CMT), commented that increased test complexity is driving the need for flexible test instruments for lab, production, and field test environments. "These instruments need to be easily maintainable, have fewer potential points of failure, have adequate memory storage space, be inexpensive, and yet produce fast, accurate, and reliable measurements," he said.

To meet these requirements, CMT introduced USB vector network analyzers for which the measurement module is separated from the processing module. "USB VNAs bring the measurement data to any external Windows or Linux PC using the VNA software," Pemmaiah explained. "All data manipulation (except for digitization) and control occurs on the external PC."

"For Keithley, modular architecture is all about flexibility in both the testing an engineer is able to perform with our products and in the ways they can perform those tests," said Brad Odhner, technical marketing manager. "Many customers come to us knowing they want to eventually expand manufacturing capabilities or R&D functionality. These customers want the ability to purchase part of a system now and expand it later."

Keithley offers several interface options. "Our modern instruments support all the basics—USB, LAN, GPIB, etc.—and most support LXI control with their own webpages for simple remote capabilities," Odhner said. "However, our go-to architecture is Keithley's Test Script Processor (TSP). TSP is an aspect of our instruments' firmware that allows the execution of code written by the user, similar to how one might program an Arduino." TSP includes an extensible communication bus called TSP-Link, which allows Keithley's instruments to send commands and share data. "In this way, our customers can create 'mainframe-less networks' of instruments that can be seamlessly expanded," he said.

"Newark offers two main types of modular test products: software-based

and hardware-based modular architectures," said Maureen Lipps, product manager. "Many modular test architectures are a combination of both hardware and software."

Lipps said software-based modular architectures usually consist of one piece of test equipment with all the features built into the hardware. "A customer can add or later purchase a software package or bundle which activates each of the extra features that they need," she said. "The advantages of software modules are that initial costs are minimal, the system can be designed for specific needs, and it can be upgraded immediately with a key code or download." However, she said, future upgrades are limited by initial hardware setup.

"Hardware-defined modular test products consist of a mainframe or chassis base unit which usually consists of a power supply, bus communication, and a reference clock along with slots for hardware modules for various test operations," Lipps continued. Hardware modules are usually plug-and-play and are flexible. "As with software architectures, the initial costs can be minimal and can be configured for specific needs," she said.

According to Christian Fischer, senior director, product management, T&M systems and projects at Rohde & Schwarz, a modular test platform allows the configuration of a tester by different hardware modules to meet a specific application. "This configuration and exchange of modules is very easy and can be performed also by the end-user," he said. "This means one tester can be configured for different applications without the need to change to a different tester. Functionality which is not needed can be removed"—thereby achieving minimum cost and footprint.



Nicholas Piotrowski, product manager at Ikonix USA, defined "modular test" as a test setup that allows the user to add test points to the system to expand production and/or capability. He cited several modular architectures the company supports, including the OMNIA II 8204/54 Series electrical safety compliance analyzer from the company's Associated 16 channels for multipoint ground bond and/or hipot testing. "A master module can be linked with up to four slave modules to get up to 80 channels," he said. "Any number of masters can be added to the system for an infinite number of test points if need be."

Vitrek applies the concept of modularity to its power analyzers, such as



Ikonix Associated Research OMNIA II Series electrical safety compliance analyzer.

Research Division in combination with the 620L LineCHEK II leakage tester. "The OMNIA II 8204/54 allows for groundbond, AC/DC-hipot, and insulation-resistance testing," he said. "The addition of the 620L expands the electrical safety testing capability to include LCT (leakage current testing) to test leakage current in product insulation while the device is operating."

Piotrowski also described the company's SC6540 scanning matrix as "completely modular," offering eight to the Model PA900. "Many applications require the use of multiple PAs to accomplish the task at hand," said Chad Clark, Vitrek's VP of sales and marketing. "For example, testing the efficiency of a power-conversion system along with studying parameters like input power factor and output harmonics would require two analyzers—one for the input and one for the output. As another example, fully characterizing a doubleconversion UPS requires three PAs—one for the input, one for the battery charge/



discharge section, and one for the output. While nearly all PAs provide versions that can handle either single-phase or multiple-phase inputs, Vitrek's modular approach integrates separate PAs into a single instrument. Vitrek calls this approach VPA. The VPA (for "Virtual Power Analyzer") turns each channel in the instrument into an individual PA channel. Channels can be combined, enabling a single device in some applications to perform the work of multiple instruments."

Design for test

Jay Jahangiri, product manager, Tessent ATPG and compression products for Mentor, a Siemens Business, addressed modularity with respect to the company's Tessent family of semiconductor design-for test software products. "In the context of DFT used by chip designers, modular test refers to the approach of segmenting the design into smaller modules for DFT," he said. "Similar to the divide-and-conquer approach of tester instruments, the chip design is broken down to allow performing DFT tasks such as test logic insertion and pattern generation on smaller portions of the design."

Jahangiri said that historically modular test referred to performing DFT at lower design levels (or cores), but often work was done from the chip level, which still required the entire chip design to be loaded into the tools. "Today's 'modular test' is better described as 'hierarchical test,' which is the practice of inserting test logic and creating retargetable test at lower design levels and being able to verify and sign off all DFT work early in the design flow," he said, adding that the approach allows for DFT work to be performed on cores concurrently and much earlier than when the full chip-level design becomes available.

"In addition to improvements in implementation, hierarchical DFT provides significant reduction in pattern count and test time, diagnosis costs, machine resources, and more," Jahangiri said. "Furthermore, an optimal hierarchical DFT flow takes DFT out of the critical path and is able to easily handle latestage design changes (ECOs)."



Modular hardware

Specific modular products include Keysight Technologies' E5080B, P50xxA, and M980xA Series vector network analyzers, which come in benchtop, USB, and PXI formfactors, respectively. These analyzers combine built-in pulse generators and modulators and perform spectrum analysis and time-domain analysis in a single instrument to fully characterize modern devices without the need for additional test hardware. Offering frequency ranges from 9 kHz to 4.5/6.5/9/14/20 GHz and 100 kHz to 26.5/32/44/53 GHz, the instruments simplify and reduce the number of parts in a test setup, accelerate test times and improve throughput with automated setup, and enhance accuracy by eliminating loss from extra connectors and external switches. In addition, customers can adapt their hardware to meet future test requirements. Application software supports automatic fixture removal, time-domain and spectrum analysis, basic pulsed-RF measurements, and gain-compression measurements.

Gibson at VTI described several of the company's modular products. The EX1200-3604 and EX1200-3608 LXI modules are 4- and 8-channel isolated DACs with 200-VDC and 200-VAC peak isolation; the EX1200-7416 LXI comparator module enables the capture of signals as narrow as 1 μ s for detection of glitches;

the EX1200-7008 LXI RTD simulator simulates up to eight RTD sensors for testing and calibrating an RTD-based temperature monitoring system; the EX1200-7600 LXI programmable load module presents resistances from 0.5Ω to $1.5 M\Omega$, which can be used both to test power sources and to calibrate test sources: the EX1214-ICA LXI mainframe (with an integrated test adaptor) eliminates cabling between the DUT and the test modules: and the EX1200 LXI switch modules enable users to define switch-closure configurations that cannot be enabled to avoid creating switch paths that can cause damage to the system or to the DUT.

"VTI's goal is to maximize the life of its modular products for all customers," Gibson said. "VTI supports all modular instrument standards for interoperability, and software drivers provide the flexibility to work with any test software on any operating system."

Stasonis said Pickering Interfaces is known for its selection of switching and simulation products in the PXI formfactor. "To address newer market demands. we have created a line of modular chassis that are controlled by either LXI/Ethernet or USB and can accept virtually any of Pickering's range of PXI switching and simulation modules," he said. "This chassis range goes from two slots to 17 slots." These chassis serve applications that need a few extra slots of switching as well as remote switching-only applications, they simplify interfacing with a PC controller, and they can isolate electrically noisy switching from instrumentation, he added.

"We have also created switching systems based on LXI/Ethernet and USB control with a proprietary modular design that has certain advantages over PXI in specific applications," Stasonis continued. "The advantages include larger PCB real estate for very dense switching, internal backplane buses for easy expansion of a matrix, and higher DC power to control more relays simultaneously."

Hughes at Astronics Test Systems said the company offers chassis, instruments, switching subsystems, and integrated systems using modular architectures such as AXIe, LXI, PXI, and VXI. "In addition, we provide configurable and modular test system solutions," he said. Specific







products include the ATS-3100 PXI integration platform for system development, the PXIe-6943 32-channel pattern-based digital stimulus/response instrument, the PXIe-2461 2-channel, universal 235-MHz frequency and time interval/counter, the PXIe-1803 130/180-MS/s dual channel PXI Express digitizer, the PXIe-3352 PXI rubidium standard (which combines a rubidium oscillator with a GPS receiver), the PXIe-1209 fully programmable dual pulse generator, and the PXIe-1802 2-channel AWG.

In addition, Hugues said, the company offers an RF and digital switching product line, including ASCOR switching products, CTS-6000 Series communications testers, and the ATS-6100 wire fault tester. Astronics also sells the Tabor product line, including the new Proteus arbitrary waveform transceivers, he added.

According to Semancik at Marvin Test Solutions, the company offers an array of 3U and 6U switching and instrumentation cards as well as chassis and controllers. He described several of these, saying that the GX6xxx Series includes a range of 3U PXI switch cards; the GX5960 Series



Altera Stratix III FPGA; the GX3104 PXI source-measure unit (SMU) forces and senses both voltage and current over a range of ±20 V; the GX2065 DMM features 6¹/₂ digit resolution and up to 3,500 reading per second; and the GTX22x0 PXI universal time interval counters offer many of the functions of high-end stand-alone frequency counters.

Semancik also said that the GX7016 GENASYS switching subsystem features a compact footprint and the option to support both switching and instrumentation resources within a single PXI chassis. An integrated MAC Panel SCOUT receiver provides a "cable-less" receiver interface, eliminating thousands of wires.

Hartmann Electronic supports PXI and PXIe, focusing on high-speed back-

plane technology and offering chassis for modular test systems, according to Frank Godulla, CEO. "Our new LMH000792 PXIe chassis offers six slots in a horizontal arrangement by occupying only 1U rack space. With four of the six slots being configured as hybrid PXI/PXIe, the chassis can be used for both PXI as well as PXIe instruments,"

he said, adding that the chassis is capable of 40 W/slot and can operate in an ambient temperature range of -25°C to 70°C. He also said the company provides an installation package for the PXIe chassis to allow automatic detection by the National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer.

[▼] Rohde & Schwarz R&S CompactTSVP Test System Versatile Platform.



According to Fischer, "Rohde & Schwarz offers the modular platform R&S CompactTSVP, which is based on PXI, but with a lot of additional features not covered by the standard PXI." It includes modules for analog test, digital test, and in-circuit test, with switching modules from 1 A up to 50 A. "All measurement modules are floating," he said, adding that third-party PXI modules can be integrated into the R&S CompactTSVP by means of an additional 6-slot 1U chassis extension. "A specific mass interconnect interface from Virginia Panel allows direct connection of the receiver to the R&S CompactTSVP modules without any additional cabling," he added.

Rovini at SPECTRUM said the company has focused on fast and high-resolution digitizers and AWGs. "Their sampling speed ranges from 1 MS/s to 5 GS/s," he said. Key products include PCIe cards with one to eight channels, which could be combined to build extended systems with more than 100 synchronous channels. Growing in popularity are the company's standalone Ethernet/LXI-boxes. "The mobile versions, which contain up to two of our PCIe cards, are a key product

GX7016 GENASYS switching subsystem with

integrated MAC Panel SCOUT receiver.

▲ Marvin Test Solutions



[▼] Hartmann Electronic 1U 6-slot PXIe chassis.

line now," he said. "The rack versions with up to six PCIe cards and up to 48 channels are chosen for situations where multiple signals—for example, from arrays of sensors, transducers, or antennas—need to be acquired and analyzed in an uncomplicated way."

Lipps at Newark described several modular products the company offers. "The Keysight U2781A USB modular instrument chassis is a high-performance 4U chassis that comes with a 200-W universal AC power supply and a built-in protection circuit," she said. "This portable chassis can house up to six Keysight USB modular products. This chassis supports Keysight USB modular data acquisition (DAQ) and USB modular instruments (digital multimeter, arbitrary waveform generator, oscilloscope and source measure unit)."

Newark also offers the Keithley Integra 2750 DMM/data-acquisition/datalogging system with GPIB and RS-232 interfaces,



she said, adding, "The Keithley 2750 combines the functions of a DMM, switch system and datalogger with five slots for modular plug-ins. Users have a choice of 12 switch/control modules including RF modules and multiplexers."

In addition, Newark offers the B&K Precision MDL001 modular DC electronic load. "The MDL001 is a multichannel modular electronic-load system which provides four slots for various DC loads," she said. "B&K and Newark offer a choice of seven different modules of programmable DC loads ranging in power from 200 W to 600 W, providing users the flexibility to test a wide range of power sources." MODULAR TEST

She added that Newark offers softwareupgradeable instruments, including the Tektronix MDO3000 Series oscilloscope (which offers software modules/upgrades to add an arbitrary function generator, logic analyzer, and serial protocol trigger and analysis capability) and Rhode & Schwarz FPC1500 spectrum analyzer (for which key-code options can unlock up to 3-GHz performance).

According to Odhner at Keithley, "We currently lean towards the discrete instrument side of modularity. We often find that chassis-based systems are confusing and cumbersome to the large portion of engineers that don't operate their equipment exclusively over a remote interface." He added that for Keithley instruments that support TSP, such as the Model 2450 source-measure unit, customers get the benefits of a single-box instrument plus the speed and synchronization of a modular system.

"That said, we do offer several instruments that take qualities from chassisbased instruments," he continued. "The Keithley 4200A-SCS, for example, is a parameter analyzer with nine customizable instrument slots for current-voltage (I-V), capacitance-voltage (C-V), and ultra-fast pulsed I-V instruments."

Jim Shaw, Diversified Technical Systems' director of sales and marketing, said, "DTS manufactures the smallest, most rugged, modular data-acquisition systems on the planet. DTS DAQ can be positioned on or in small test articles without altering test dynamics. Userconfigurable SLICE data recorders are designed to be embedded close to the point of interest, reducing complex and costly sensor wiring and improving measurement quality." He added that DTS modular instrumentation offers dynamic measurement capabilities including acceleration, shock, vibration, and angular rate. Shaw added that DTS miniature SLICE DAQ can be integrated with other modular architectures via an API or run out of the box using DTS software.

Pemmaiah at Copper Mountain Technologies said all his company's VNAs are USB-based metrology-grade instruments. "Our 2-port Compact Series and 1-Port Series network analyzers deliver lab-grade performance despite being very compact in size. The patented 1-Port VNA can even be directly connected to an antenna or other DUT without the need of a test cable," he said.

AXIe products

Addressing AXIe, Giga-tronics offers an upconverter and downconverter for building test solutions used in the evaluation of radar and EW systems. "These converters cover 100 MHz to 20 GHz with 1 GHz of instantaneous bandwidth; they switch frequencies phase coherently in under 1 ms and offer low phase noise, harmonics, and spurs," said Regazzi and Kirby. "The company also offers two AXIe-compliant chassis—a 4U size handling two channels and a 7U version that can house up to four separate converter blades. It's possible to mix and match up- and downconverters within the same chassis."

They continued, "To assist in the coordination and phase stability between channels, Giga-tronics produced a separate frequency reference module that supplies reference signals to each converter blade and allows tying multiple chassis together for larger systems. This reference module takes advantage of AXIe's Zone3 provision within the standard and shares its reference signals across the backplane eliminating a patchwork of cables on the front panel."

Regazzi and Kirby emphasized Gigatronics' converter approach to signal generation and analysis. "For example, rather than creating a traditional signal generator and post modulating the output, the company chose to build a converter that allows modulation at the IF," they said. "This means the modulator needs only operate at one frequency and simplifies optimizing performance over a wide instantaneous bandwidth. And because of advances in ADC and DAC technology, the digital portion of the solution can now be directly provided at the IF from digital cards plugged into open PCIe slots within a standard PC workstation." The cost-effective COTS approach, they added, allows customers to upgrade as technology improves, permits customers to add their own IP and other third-party hardware, and makes for easier servicing of the resulting test system. "Delivering the RF blades in a modular format is the best approach for the target market due to the need for multiple channels of stimulus and measurement," they concluded.

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According to Pickard at VIAVI Solutions, "The CMP provides a highly scalable computing, signal-processing, and automation framework. Its modular hardware and component-based software support rapidly tailored solutions that are easily upgradeable and reconfigurable. Utilizing the Software Communications Architecture (SCA) and modern 'realtime' CORBA, it scales from embedded single-processor systems up through fully distributed heterogeneous systems of various CPU, FPGA, GPU, and DSP assets running multiple operating systems and communicating over multiple businterface architectures."

Pickard said VIAVI's CMP is architected similarly to a software-defined radio (SDR). "Like SDR, the CMP is implemented using generic hardware modules and component-based, software-defined functionality," he said. VIAVI's AXIe products include a mass data-storage module with up to 12.8 TB of waveform storage, a 6-GHz vector signal transceiver with 30-GHz Downconverter module, a single or dual i7 embedded computer module, 5- and 2-slot AXIe chassis, the Ranger vector signal analyzer and generator system, and the Raptor integrated development and test platform.

"The new Raptor versions of our CMP are configurable for use as a development platform as well as a test system and can provide both functions simultaneously," said Pickard. "Due to the platform's modularity, we can even implement solutions that integrate the combined functionality of our Raptor systems and our Ranger signal-generation, analysis, record, and playback platforms."

From DFT to maintenance software

Jahangiri at Mentor elaborated on the company's Tessent family of DFT products, which include automation software that analyzes the design, creates and inserts the necessary hardware instruments for test, generates and retargets patterns, and performs silicon diagnosis and yield analysis. Specific Tessent products include MemoryBIST, LogicBIST, TestKompress (for compression and ATPG), MissionMode (for on-chip mission mode control), and ScanPro (for inserting scan, test points, OCC, and wrapper chains). In addition, Tessent Diagnosis supports scan diagnosis, Tessent IJTAG supports universal access based on IEEE 1687 standard, and Tessent Connect supports optimal implementation flow and automation.

"Tessent's DFT flow is the industry's only production-proven hierarchical solution that enables the customer to fully automate their core-level DFT tasks, as well as all top-level logic and core interactions," Jahangiri added.

Several companies outlined their software support for their modular hardware. Piotrowski at Ikonix said, "We have our proprietary Autoware 3 software for test and instrument control, test creation, and data collection. It allows the user to connect and control our instruments and SC6549 scanners for a completely automated test system."

Semancik at MTS said, "ATEasy is a comprehensive test executive and a rapid application development framework for functional test, ATE, data acquisition, process control, and instrumentation systems with exceptional cybersecurity protection and controls. ATEasy provides all the necessary tools to develop, deploy, and maintain software components-including instrument drivers, test programs, and user interfaces—as well as a complete and customizable test executive." He added, "For OEM suppliers of test systems, ATEasy-Lite offers a cost-effective, fullfeatured test executive and test development software suite that can be bundled with the suppliers' ATE systems."

Shaw at DTS commented, "DTS offers standalone test setup, control, and data logging software that is purpose-built for dynamic, embedded applications that require rugged modular data acquisition. Our software is designed to work out of the box with modular DTS data-acquisition hardware. For applications that require integration with other modular architectures, we provide an API that can be called from most popular languages used in test such as C/C++/C#, LabVIEW, and Matlab."

"VTI includes a full suite of industry standard IVI drivers for use in the most common application development environments, such as LABVIEW. LabWindows/CVI, C++, and Visual Basic," said Gibson. "In addition, the operating system-independent drivers will operate in both the Windows environment and the Linux environment." He added that both the LXI and PXIe platforms have an embedded web browser and graphical user interface (GUI), and The LXI platform has a turnkey test package called EXLab, which allows engineers to design a mixedsignal, distributed measurement system without any coding. 💶